emergence

cyber event protection

Only use this proposal form if all of the following apply:

Your estimated revenue is ≤ \$25m, and
 You've requested a policy limit ≤ \$5m, and
 You haven't suffered a cyber loss, and
 You are not in the IT, internet or telecommunications industry.

Completing this form requires technical knowledge of your IT. Consult with your IT manager or head of cyber security as necessary.

New Zealand B	usiness Number (NZBN):											
Name of policy	/holder:											
Is the policyhol If Yes, please provid	lder a subsidiary, franchis de details:	see or pa	rt of a I	arger gro	oup?						Yes	1
Business activi	ties:											
Do you perform	n work for the defence ind	lustry or G	overni	ment?							Yes	
Policyholder's p	orincipal address:											
Website(s) or <u>c</u>	domain(s):											
List all domains for	'smarter cyber' monitoring or co	onfirm: Don'	t know /	don't have	a websit	e, domo	ain or b	ousines	s emai	l:		
	the contact details of the								eting pu	irposes.		
Name				Title								
Email				Mobile								
Total number a	of employees:											
FINANCIA	ALS											
Estimated reve	nue for the coming 12 mo	nth perio	d by te	rritory:			Are y	ou lo	cated	d in the	terri	tor
Australia/NZ	\$										Yes	
eu/uk	\$										Yes	
USA	\$										Yes	
Rest of world	\$										Yes	
Total	\$											

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GOVERNANCE

How frequently do you provide security awareness training to your employees?
 Annually Quarterly Monthly Not provided

ASSET SECURITY

2. Have you implemented a critical security patch management process for your IT systems? 🗌 Yes 🗌 No

If Yes, how do you handle security patches?

- Manual updates, implemented within 30 days
- Manual updates, implemented within 90 days
- Manual updates, no time frame for implementation
- Devices are set to update software automatically (where available)

IDENTITY AND ACCESS MANAGEMENT

3. Is Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA*) required for all users to access the following systems/platforms/services?

All remote access to the network?	Yes No
Web-based email?	Yes No
Admin/privilege service accounts?	Yes No
Cloud resources, including back ups?	Yes No

*Note: To qualify as multi-factor authentication, the authentication mechanism needs to be knowledge (something the user and only the user knows) and possession (something the user and only the user has). That way the compromise of any single device will only compromise a single authentication factor.

RESILIENCY AND RECOVERY

- How frequently do you take regular backups of critical data and systems?
 Daily Weekly Monthly Greater than monthly
- 5. Do you keep a copy of critical backups offline, segregated from and inaccessible to your network? Yes No

6.	Is your backup environment:	(tick all that apply)
	In the cloud	Yes No
	On premises	Yes No
	At a secondary, offsite data centre	Yes No
	Encrypted	Yes No
	MFA protected	Yes No
	Using immutable technology	Yes No

PRIOR CLAIMS AND CIRCUMSTANCES

Other please describe:

7. After enquiry, within the past 5 years, are you aware of any losses, claims, circumstances, cyber events, privacy breaches, regulatory investigations, crime or social engineering incidents which have impacted, or could adversely impact your business or give rise to a claim under a cyber policy?

Total impact, including all business interruption, remediation costs and other loss? \$											
Date of loss:	/	/									
Please indicate the nature of the loss by ticking the appropriate box:											
Crime			Data breach	Denial of service							
Email compromise			Hacking, malware	Multimedia injury							
Ransomwo	ire		Social engineering								

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PRIOR CLAIMS AND CIRCUMSTANCES CONTINUED

What remediation steps and controls were implemented after the loss? (Attach report if available)

Have you had any unforeseen down time to your website or IT network of more than 8 hours? 8. Yes No If Yes, provide details including duration, how resolved and any cost to you:

OPTIONAL COVER -NON-IT CONTINGENT BUSINESS INTERRUPTION AND SYSTEM FAILURE

- 9. Do you want Optional Cover for Non-IT Contingent Business Interruption and System Failure? No Yes
- 10. Tell us about your critical components, service providers and supplies.
 - All critical components, services and supplies are readily available from multiple sources
 - Substitutes can be available within 10 days
 - Longer than 10 days for substitutes to be available
 - Don't know
 - Substituting components, services or supplies is not possible

OPTIONAL COVER - CRIMINAL FINANCIAL LOSS

11.	Do you want Optional Cover for Criminal Financial Loss? Yes No Includes cyber theft, telephone phreaking, identity-based theft, push payment theft and cryptojacking. Does not include socially engineered theft unless selected below.
12.	Aggregate limit for Criminal Financial Loss \$10,000 \$25,000 \$75,000 \$100,000 \$150,000 \$250,000 Other \$

13. Excess applicable to Criminal Financial Loss only

\$0 \$2,500	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$15,000	\$25,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000	
Other \$								

14. Do you want to include cover for socially engineered theft?

15. Sublimit for socially engineered theft The sublimit for socially engineered theft is included within and cannot be greater than the aggregate limit for criminal financial loss. The excess for criminal financial loss applies to socially engineered theft as well. \$5,000 \$10,000 \$15,000 \$20,000 \$30,000 \$50,000

	\$75,000	\$100,000	\$125,000	\$150,000	\$200,000	\$250,000		
16.	Are all new the payee?	payees, and ch	anges to existing	g payees' bankin	g details, double	e authenticated w	/ith Yes	No

17. Do transfers > \$10,000 require dual signature or supervisor / manager sign off? Yes

No

No

Yes

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OPTIONAL COVER - CRIMINAL FINANCIAL LOSS CONTINUED

 After enquiry, have you within the past 5 years suffered a crime, fidelity or computer crime loss? Yes No If Yes, please provide details:

OPTIONAL COVER - D&O LIABILITY

19.	Do you want Optional Cover for Directors & Officers Liability? D&O Liability is only available for unlisted companies.			Yes	No
20.	Aggregate sublimit for D&O Liability	\$250,000	\$500,000	\$1,000	,000

- The sublimit for D&O Liability is included within and cannot be greater than the policy aggregate limit.
- 21. Are you listed on any stock exchange, or are you planning an initial public offering or any subsequent offering during the coming 12 months?
- 22. Have you within the past 5 years had D&O or Management Liability (ML) insurance declined or cancelled, or are you aware, after enquiry, of any D&O or ML loss, claim, or circumstance which has or could impact you or your business or give rise to a D&O or ML claim?

If Yes, please provide details:

OPTIONAL COVER - TANGIBLE PROPERTY

23. Do you want Optional Cover for Tangible Property?	Yes	No
The Tangible Property sublimit forms part of and is not in addition to the limit for Section C - Cyber Event Response Costs.		

OPTIONAL COVER - JOINT VENTURE AND CONSORTIUM COVER

24. Do you want Optional Cover for your liability from joint ventures or consortia? Yes No If Yes, provide the name(s) of the joint venture or consortium:

Note: You must also include your share of revenue from the JV or consortium for the coming 12 months in your estimated total revenue.

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			S, SUBSIDI.				rovided bel	DW.
1	, Note: Subsidia	ries of the poli	sidiaries, please cyholder are automat his list is for your conv	ically covered and		•		does not extend cover
 1 E	If Yes, plea Note: Listing ar Emergence an	se list the an entity here m and scheduled a		enue below a ng it to Emergence t provide revenue	e for considera	tion. Cover will on	ly apply to those	About the IT. entities accepted by om all affiliates for the
	Affiliate 1:					Revenue	e \$	
I	Nature of c Other:	affiliation:	Authorised re	o Family k	ousiness	Franchisee	Shared	directorships
			y separate and i e any shared IT:	ndependent?				Yes No
	Affiliate 2:					Revenue	e \$	
1	Nature of c Other:	affiliation:	Authorised re	o Family k	ousiness	Franchisee	Shared	directorships
			/ separate and i any shared IT:	ndependent?				Yes No
`	You can in	clude here	other information	on or facts yo	u would like	to bring to t	he underwrit	ter's attention:

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PLEASE SP AGGREGAT		JR PREFERR	ED EXCESS	, INDEMNIT	Y PERIOD AND			
Excess \$0 \$2,500 \$5,000 \$10,000 \$15,000 \$25,000 \$50,000 Other \$								
Section A indemnity period30 days60 days90 days180 days365 days								
Policy aggrego \$250,000	ite limit \$500,000	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$4,000,000			
\$5,000,000	\$10,000,000	Other \$						

DECLARATION

I/we acknowledge that:

- 1. I/we have read and understood the important information provided on the last page of this document in the important information section.
- 2. I/we are authorised by all those seeking insurance to make this proposal, and declare all information on this proposal and any attachment is true and correct.
- 3. I/we authorise the underwriter to give to, or obtain from, other insurers or any credit reference service, any information relating to insurance held by me/us or any claim in relation thereto.
- 4. I/we acknowledge that, where answers are provided in the proposal are not in my/our handwriting, I/we have checked and certify that the answers are true and correct.

Policyholder's signature:	Date:	/	1	1

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GLOSSARY

Admin/privilege service accounts

Admin/privileged accounts refer to user accounts that have elevated privileges.

Admin accounts can manage and maintain a system or network.

Privileged accounts are used for automated processes or by applications that require elevated privileges to perform a task.

AI/automated rules-based enforcement

Al/automated rules-based enforcement is a mechanism designed to enforce predefined rules within security systems. An automated rules-based system is actively monitoring and enforcing certain rules or conditions to respond to a security threat.

Application whitelisting

Application whitelisting allows only authorised and approved applications to run on a system or network.

Content control software

Content-control software, commonly referred to as an Internet filter, is software that restricts or controls the content a user is able to access and/or download via the Internet.

Domain

A domain name (often called a domain) is an easyto-remember name that's associated with a physical IP address on the Internet. It's the unique name that appears after the @ symbol in email addresses, and after www. in web addresses. Examples of domain names include google.com and wikipedia.org.

E-commerce activities

E-commerce involves the sale of goods and services over the internet. For example, online retail stores, digital products (e-books, music) and online marketplaces (eBay, Amazon etc).

Encryption

Encryption is the process of converting information or data into code to prevent unauthorised use.

Encryption at rest refers to encrypting data when it is stored on a device or storage system.

Encryption in transit refers to encrypting data as it travels across a network or between systems.

End of Life technology (EOL)

EOL refers to a stage in the life cycle of a technology product where it is no longer developed, maintained or supported by the manufacturer.

Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR)

EDR technology focuses on the detection, investigation, and mitigation of suspicious activities on endpoints including computers, servers and other devices within a network. EDR can identify anomalies and identify potential security threats.

Endpoint Protection Platform (EPP)

EPP is designed to defend endpoints such as laptops, servers and other devices connected to a network from various forms of malicious activities including malware, ransomware, and other cyber threats.

Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS) and Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)

IDS and IPS are technologies designed to detect and respond to malicious activities or security incidents within a computer network. IDS is used to monitor a network or system and identify patterns or behaviours that may indicate unauthorised access. IPS goes a step further than IDS by automatically blocking detected threats.

Immutable technology

Immutable technology is a type of technology or system where data or code cannot be altered or modified once it is created or deployed.

Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA)

MFA is a mechanism that requires individuals to provide more than one form of identification to access an account or system. The additional forms of identification can include one-time codes or biometrics.

Next Generation Firewall (NGFW)

NGFW combines traditional firewall capabilities with advanced functionalities such as application awareness, intrusion prevention, user identity awareness and advanced threat detection.

Payment Card Industry (PCI) assessment

PCI assessment is a process designed to evaluate a companies handling of credit card transactions to ensure a company complies with the PCI security standards.

Security Information and Event Management (SIEM)

A SIEM system provides real time analysis of logs that are gathered from various sources such as servers and security applications. A SIEM system will analyse the logs and identify potential security incidents.

Security patch management process

A security patch management process involves applying patches or updates to software and systems at regular intervals to address vulnerabilities and protect against security threats.

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It is important that you read and understand the following.

Claims made notice

Section B – Loss to Others of this policy is issued on a 'claims made and notified' basis. This means that Section B – loss to others responds to:

- a. claims first made against you during the policy period and notified to us during the policy period, provided that you were not aware at any time prior to the commencement of the policy of circumstances which would have put a reasonable person in your position on notice that a claim may be made against him/her; and:
- b. facts that you may decide to notify are those which might give rise to a claim against you even if a claim has not yet been made against you. Such notification must be given as soon as reasonably practicable after you become aware of the facts and prior to the expiry of the policy period. If you give written notification of facts the policy will respond even though a claim arising from those facts is not made against you until after the policy has expired. When the policy period expires, no new notification of facts can be made to us on the expired policy for a cyber event first discovered or identified by you during the policy period.

Your duty of disclosure

When you apply for insurance you have a legal duty of disclosure. This means you or anyone applying on your behalf must tell us everything you know (or could be reasonably expected to know) that might affect our decision when deciding:

- a. to accept your insurance, and/or
- b. the cost or terms of the insurance, including the excess.
- c. In particular, you should tell us anything which may increase the chance of a claim under this policy, or the amount of a claim under this policy.

You also have this duty every time your insurance renews and when you make any changes to it. If you or anyone on your behalf breaches this duty of disclosure, we may treat this policy as being of no effect and to have never existed.

Please ask us if you are not sure whether you need to tell us about something.

About Emergence NZ Limited

Emergence NZ Limited (NZBN: 9429051153861, FSP: 1005174) ('Emergence') acts under a binding authority given to it by the insurer to administer and issue policies, alterations and renewals. In all aspects of arranging this policy, Emergence acts as an agent for the insurer and not for you. Contact details are:

Email: info@emergenceins.co.nz

Telephone: 0800 129 237 (0800 1 CYBER)

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